

SENTIA THE GLOBAL SCHOOL

Class IV

PT1 REVISION WORKSHEET – ENGLISH

Lesson–1

Worksheet-1

I. Arrange these sentences in the correct order as they occur in the story.

1. The birch tree refuses to help the little bird.
2. The oak tree asks the little bird to leave because it did not want the bird to eat its acorns.
3. The gentle spruce tree calls the little bird to rest in her branches.
4. The cold North Wind blows all the green leaves away.
5. A little bird has hurt its wing, and it cannot fly.
6. The trees that help the bird, remain green.
7. The bird approaches the willow tree and asks for help.
8. The Frost King tells the North Wind to spare the leaves of the trees that have been kind to the little bird.

II. Answer these questions.

- a) What did the frost king tell the North wind?
- b) What reasons did the trees give when they refused to help the bird?
- c) Why could the little bird not fly with the other birds?
- d) "We of the great forest have our own birds to help. I can do nothing to you?"
 - i) Who said this and to whom?
 - ii) What had happened before this?
 - iii) What does this tell you about the speaker?
- e) What would you do if someone asked you for help and you didn't have the time to respond?

III. Give Meanings and frame sentences of your own.

- a) Frolic b) acorn c) Strength d) Willow e) Bough f) Eagerly.

IV. Match the characters from the story in column A to their qualities in column B.

- | | |
|------------|--------------|
| 1. willow | beautiful |
| 2. oak | proud |
| 3. birch | generous |
| 4. bird | strong |
| 5. spruce | friendly |
| 6. juniper | kind-hearted |
| 7. pine | little |

V. Read these sentences and underline the abstract nouns.

- a) Grammar deals with the arrangement of words in sentences.
- b) Most of the boyhood was spent playing football.
- c) We struck water at the depth of twenty feet.
- d) Perhaps girlhood was the only happy phase of her life.
- e) There was unspeakable joy on her face.
- f) She managed to keep her honesty intact.

VI. Form abstract nouns from the given words.

- a) good b) kind c) child d) weak e) hard f) soft
g) clever h) brave i) honest j) obey k) grow

VII. Give synonyms for the words given.

- a) beautiful b) huge c) fearless d) scared e) happy f) awful.

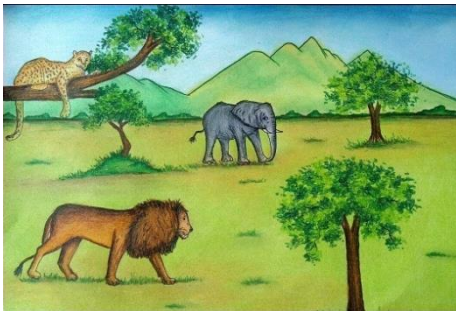
VIII . Match the subject with their predicates.

- | Subject | Predicate |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| a) The hospital | a) Ran through the house. |
| b) A freckled puppy | b) Climbed on the rock. |
| c) Her father | c) ate an apple. |
| d) A funny clown | d) Slept under the table. |
| e) The happy pig | e) will open at 10 a.m. |

IX. Write a paragraph on the topics given.

- i) Save water ii) Importance of trees iii) My good deed of the day

X. Complete the mind map.



Lesson-2

Worksheet-2

I. Give meanings and frame sentences of your own.

- a) Porch b) junk c) Wind chime d) dump e) dangling.

II. Answer these questions.

- a) Have you ever seen a wind chime? What does it do?
b) Who are the characters in the poem?
c) Where did they hang it?
d) What did they tie around the bottle?
e) Think of another suitable title for this poem.

III. Identify and underline the alliterations in the given sentences.

- a) She sells seashells by the seashore. d) Peter Piper picked a peck of picked peppers.
b) Can you keep the cat from clawing the couch?
c) Dan's dog done deep in the dam. e) Fred's friends fried Fritos for Friday's food.

IV. What do you think is the purpose of the last two lines in the poem wind chime?

Lesson-3

Worksheet-3

I. Answer these questions.

- How did the snake boat race begin in Kerala?
- How did the Nehru Trophy Race start? Why is it called so?
- What is the chundan vellam? Describe it and draw it in your notebook.
- Why did the Brahmin believe that the poor boy was Lord Krishna?
- What is special about the Palliodam?

II. Mark these statements true (T) or false (F).

- The snake boat races are held during the festival of Onam. (_____)
- The oldest boat race is the Nehru Trophy Boat Race. (_____)
- The Aranmula Boat race is held over a period of three days. (_____)
- Chundan Vellam is made from wood of the coconut tree.(_____)
- The Palliodam is sailed from Alleppey. (_____)
- Only the winning boat can sail with the Palliodam. (_____)

III. Write antonyms for the words given.

- | | | | |
|----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| a) Cruel | b) Free | c) good | d) strong |
| e) poor | f) merged | g) disrespect | h) short. |

IV. Fill in the blanks with the correct quantifiers from the brackets.

- There is _____(all/a lot of) sugar in tea.
- How _____ money have you got (much/many).
- He's got _____ friends than his sister (some/more).
- He's got only a _____ dollars (few/little).
- _____ (much/many) of the students live near her house.
- There are _____ books on the desk (little/some).
- I like _____ (several/all) my teachers.

V. Read these sentences write if the highlighted words are countable (C) or uncountable (U) nouns.

- a) The boats are also repaired once in a year and are polished with fish oil. (_____)
- b) Five singers are participating in the concert. (_____)
- c) Meghan took a lot of photographs. (_____)
- d) There's a big brown dog running around the neighbourhood. (_____)
- e) How many candles are there on that Birthday cake? (_____)
- f) There are atleast twenty Italian restaurants in little Italy. (_____)
- g) Please help yourself to some cheese. (_____)
- h) Let's get rid of the garbage. (_____)
- i) You seem to have a high level of intelligence. (_____)
- j) I need to find information about Pulitzer Prize winners. (_____)

VI. Read the passage on Durga Pooja and answer the questions.

Durga Puja is one of the biggest and most popular festivals of South Asia such as India, Bangladesh and Nepal. It involves the ritual of worship of our Goddess Durga and the triumph of the Goddess Durga over the demon Mahishasura. The festival honours the indomitable female force in the form of 'Shakti'. This day gives everyone a reason to celebrate; it's an occasion for rejuvenation and reunion and a celebration of our customary culture and customs. While most of the people keep fast for the entire nine to ten days, but the last four days called Saptami, Ashtami, Navami and Dashami are celebrated with much jollity and splendour.

Durga Puja is one of the most important festivals of India, celebrated throughout the country with utmost fervour and zeal. It is a momentous event for Bengalis and is therefore celebrated with great enthusiasm and gusto across the world, particularly in West Bengal in the capital city Kolkata. The occasion commemorates the profound power of Goddess Durga. It is also called 'Navratri' in northern and other Hindi-speaking regions of India. The rituals are being followed for complete 10 days, but the last four days are very auspicious for everyone. Huge Pandaals (Decorated tents displaying huge idol of Goddess Durga conquering over the demon Mahishasur) win the hearts of all the visitors.

- 1) Why is Durga Puja celebrated? In which countries is the festival popularly celebrated?
- 2) What does this festival 'Honour'?
- 3) People _____ for the entire nine to ten days during Durga Puja.
- 4) What does this festival commemorate?
- 5) What rituals are followed during Durga Puja?

VII. Give meaning and frame sentences of your own.

- a) hood b) impressed c) stunned d) lavish e) rags
- f) harmony g) skilled h) honour